Resilience Engineering

Identifying Reliability Dependencies And Common Mitigation Strategies

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About

- Distributed data systems engineer at Wallaroo Labs
- Infrastructure and data engineering for about a decade
- USB principle for systems and tools
 - Use it, Scale it, Break it

Who here is on call?

Who here is on call?

How many of you designed the systems that you're on call for?

Not Your Fault

Failure is Inevitable

Failure is going to happen



Failure is Going to Happen

- Understanding it helps us cope with it
- Resilience (systems)
 - Maintain capability (external)
 - Despite disruption (internal)

Tools & Methods

- Mapping dependencies
- Failure isolation, hedging, graceful degradation
- Destructive testing
- End-to-end testing
- Fuzzing

It's about understanding...

- Failure
 - > Components
 - > Systems
 - > ... Us?





Mapping Dependencies

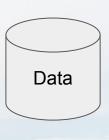
- Inventory
- CMS
- Payments

e-store

Vendor

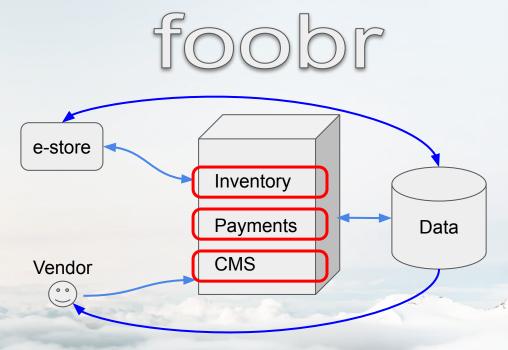






Mapping Dependencies

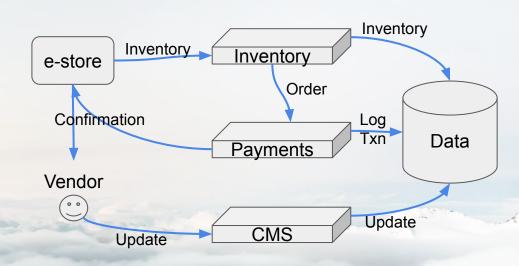
- Direct dependencies
- Indirect dependencies
- Failure isolation



Remove Unnecessary Coupling

- Direct dependencies
- Indirect dependencies
- Failure isolation





Hedging

Add redundancies





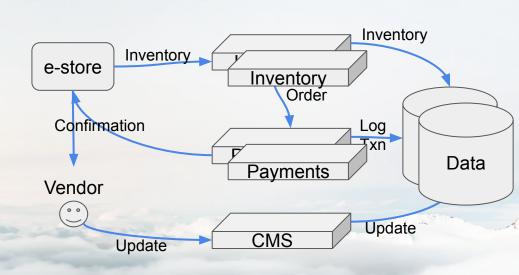


Hedging

- Add redundancies
- Plumbing
- Understanding



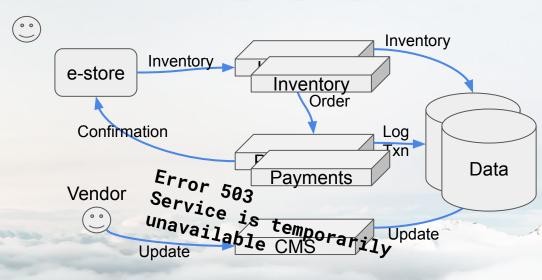




Graceful Degradation

- Partial availability
- Partial value





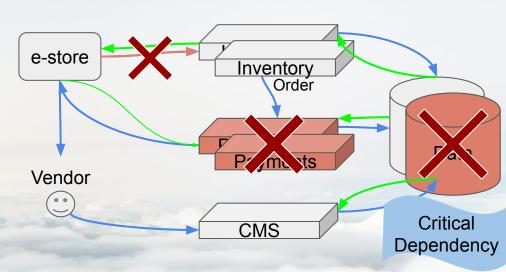
Failure is (still) going to happen



Destructive Testing

- Fault injection
- Interpolate dependencies
- Extrapolate properties

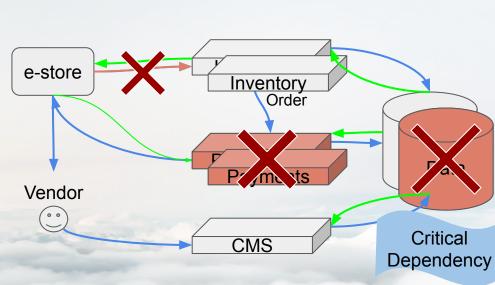




Destructive Testing

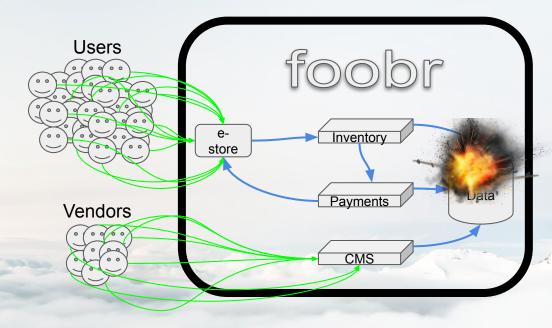
- An idea...
- Test in prod?





End-to-end Testing

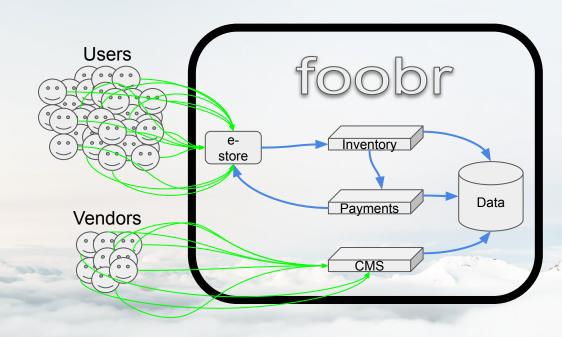
- Entire system as a box
- Realistic conditions
 - Happy paths:)
 - Sad paths :(



End-to-end Testing

- Integration tests
 - But all together
 - The whole system
- Production-like

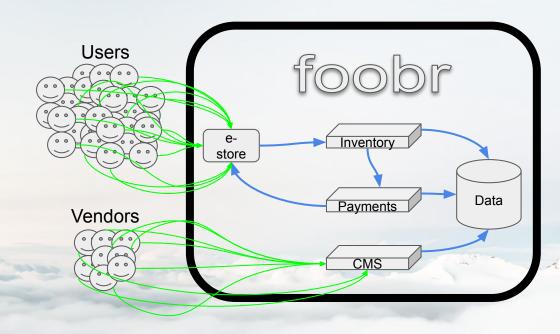
conditions



End-to-end Testing

Requires

- Instrumentation
- Distribution
- Remote control?
- Measurement?



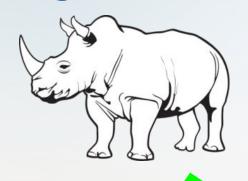
Failure is going to happen

(just expect it at this point)



Is this a unicorn?

- Has 1 horn
- Has 4 legs
- Has 1 tail
- Has 2 ears







- 1. A fuzzer.
- 2. A library of tools for making it easy to construct property-based tests using that fuzzer.

- Dr. MacIver, hypothesis.works

Fuzzer

- Produce input data for the test
- Possibly dynamically generated
- Possibly dependent on results of previous runs
 - Dr. MacIver, hypothesis.works



```
def sum(num1, num2):
    """Return the sum of two numbers"""
    return num1 + num2
```

```
# Unit test
def test_unit_sum():
   assert(sum(1,2) == 3)
```

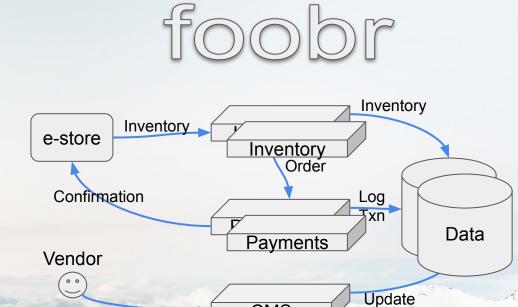
Okay...

```
def sum(num1, num2):
   """Return the sum of two numbers"""
   return num1 + num2 if num2 < 500000 else 0
# Property Based test
def test property sum():
    # fuzz loop
    from random import randrange
    # generate a million random pairs
    for in range(1000000):
        n1 = randrange(-1000000000, 1000000000)
        n2 = randrange(-1000000000, 1000000000)
        # Test the sum property
        assert(sum(n1, n2) == n1 + n2)
```

```
def test_property_sum():
       # fuzz loop
       from random import randrange
       # generate a million random pairs
       for in range(1000000):
           n1 = randrange(-1000000000, 1000000000)
           n2 = randrange(-1000000000, 1000000000)
           # Test the sum property
           assert( sum(n1, n2) == n1 + n2)
            assert 0 == (476988046 + 25202221)
             + where 0 = sum(476988046, 25202221)
test_sum.py:22: AssertionError
```

Fuzzing Foobr

- Input data
 - Shoppers
 - Vendors
- System Events
 - Network faults & recovery
 - Service faults & recovery



CMS

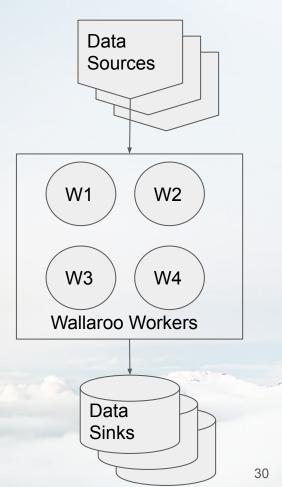
Update

Fuzzing in Wallaroo Tests

Input Data

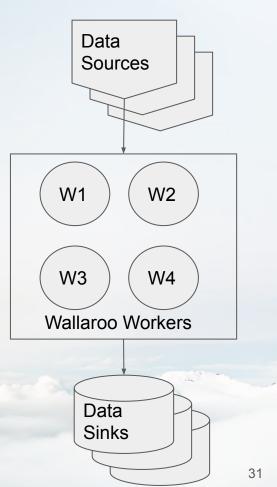
```
[(key:1, data:[1,2,3,4,...]), (key:2, data:[1,2,3,4,...]),...]
```

- Output Validation
 - Each key ⇒ a sequence
 no loss, no duplication,
 no reordering



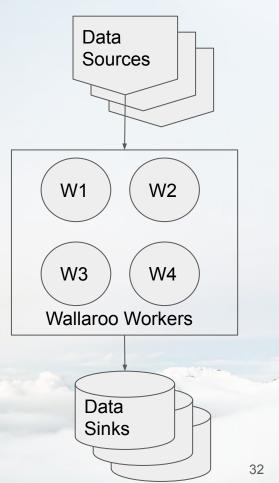
Fuzzing in Wallaroo Tests

- System events
 - Add Nodes
 - Remove nodes
 - Crash Nodes
 - Recover Nodes
 - Network faults



Fuzzing in Wallaroo Tests

- Application Topologies
 - Sources and Sinks
 - Computations with and without state
 - Key_by's (partitioning)
 - Filters and Multipliers (output cardinality)



Key Approaches

- 1. Map dependencies
- 2. Isolate, hedge, and degrade gracefully
- 3. Destructive testing
- 4. End-to-end testing
- 5. Fuzzing

Failure is Gonna Happen!

- Understanding it helps us live with it
- Resilience is the property of being able to sustain failure (internally) without loss of quality (externally)

Questions?

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